

5 A GOLF CLUB, A METHOD FOR REDUCING THE DRAG EXPERIENCED BY
A GOLF CLUB, AND A GOLF CLUB FORMED BY A NEW AND NOVEL
PROCESS WHICH REDUCES DRAG AS THE GOLF CLUB IS UTILIZED

Field of the Invention

The present invention generally relates to a golf club
10 which is formed by a new and novel process and to a method
for reducing the drag experienced by a golf club as it is
utilized and, more particularly, to a golf club having a
ball contacting surface and/or a portion which has at least
one opening of a desired size and shape and which is
15 effective to generally reduce drag as the golf club is
utilized.

Background of the Invention

A golf club generally includes a shaft portion having
a handle or grip portion which is grasped in the hands of
20 a golfer and a ball contacting portion which is attached to
the shaft portion and which is used to selectively contact
a golf ball in order to attempt place it in a desired
position upon a golf course. Particularly, as should be
appreciated by one of ordinary skill in the art, different
25 types of golf clubs exist which are adapted to be used in
various "play situations" during a round of golf.

That is, the conventional or traditional golf clubs vary by the type of material used to construct the respective shaft portion (e.g., graphite) and the pitch and material used to construct the ball contacting portion
5 (e.g., wedges have a golf ball contacting portion having a greater loft or pitch than the golf ball contacting portion of a driver).

While there does exist a variety of different types of golf clubs, they all suffer from the disadvantage of
10 experiencing drag upon their impact with sand, grass, or other objects before they respectively and actually contact the targeted golf ball. Such drag undesirably reduces the energy which is imparted upon the golf ball and decreases accuracy. Large levels of such undesirable drag is often
15 experienced by wedge clubs which are often used in tall grass (e.g., known as "rough") and sand situations.

There is therefore a need for a new and improved golf club which experiences reduced levels of drag and which allows higher amounts of energy to be imparted to a golf
20 ball and which further allows the golf ball to be placed in an accurate manner upon a golf course. As seen below, the present inventions allow these needs to be addressed in a new and novel fashion.

Summary of the Invention

It is a first non-limiting object of the present invention to provide a new and novel golf club.

It is a second non-limiting object of the present invention to provide a method for producing a new and novel golf club.

It is a third non-limiting object of the present invention to provide a new and novel golf club which is made by and new and novel process.

10 It is a fourth non-limiting object of the present invention to provide a golf club which experiences significantly lower amounts of drag than conventional golf clubs.

According to a first non-limiting aspect of the present invention, a golf club is provided. Particularly, the provided golf club includes a golf ball contacting portion, wherein the golf ball contacting portion includes at least one opening disposed therein.

According to a second non-limiting aspect of the present invention, a golf club is provided. Particularly, the golf club includes a golf ball contacting portion, wherein said golf ball contacting portion includes at least one slotted aperture.

According to a third non-limiting aspect of the present invention, a golf club is provided. Particularly, the provided golf club includes a golf ball contacting portion, wherein said golf ball contacting portion includes
5 at least one slot.

According to a fourth non-limiting aspect of the present invention, a golf club is provided. Particularly, the provided golf club includes a golf ball contacting portion, wherein the golf ball contacting portion includes
10 a plurality of substantially identical and equally spaced slots.

According to a fifth non-limiting aspect of the present invention, a golf club is provided. Particularly, the provided golf club includes a shaft; and a golf ball
15 contacting portion which is coupled to the shaft, wherein the golf ball contacting portion includes a plurality of substantially identical and equally spaced slots and wherein each of the substantially identical and equally spaced slots have a respective longitudinal axis of
20 symmetry and wherein each of the longitudinal axes of symmetry are longitudinal coextensive to each other.

According to a sixth non-limiting aspect of the present invention, a method for reducing the drag

experienced by a golf club of the type having a ball contacting surface, is provided. Particularly, the provided method includes the step of forming at least one slot within the ball contacting surface.

5 According to a seventh non-limiting aspect of the present invention, a method for reducing the drag experienced by a golf club of the type having a ball contacting surface, is provided. Particularly, the method includes the step of forming a plurality of substantially
10 identical and equally spaced slots within the ball contacting surface.

 According to an eighth non-limiting aspect of the present invention, a golf club is provided. Particularly, the provided golf club is made by the process of forming a
15 shaft portion; forming a ball contacting portion; forming at least one slot within the ball contacting portion; and attaching the ball contacting portion to the shaft portion.

 These and other features, aspects, and advantages of the present inventions will become apparent from a reading
20 of the following detailed description of the preferred embodiment of the inventions and by reference to the following drawings. It should be appreciated that the foregoing advantages and aspects are non-limiting in nature

and are proffered for illustrative purposes only and not to limit the generality of the inventions in any manner whatsoever.

Brief Description Of The Drawings

5 Figure 1 is a partial front view of a golf club made in accordance with the teachings of the preferred embodiment of the inventions;

Figure 2 is a partial back view of the golf club which is shown in Figure 1;

10 Figure 5 is a partial front view of a golf club which is made in accordance with the teachings of an alternate embodiment of the invention;

Figure 6 is a partial back view of the golf club which is shown in Figure 3;

15 Figure 3 is a side view of the golf club which is shown in Figures 1 and 2 addressing a golf ball which is positioned within a typical sand trap; and

Figure 4 is a diagrammatic view of the golf club which is shown in Figure 6 selectively contacting the golf ball
20 which is positioned in the manner which is shown in Figure 6.

Detailed Description Of The Preferred Embodiment Of

The Invention

Referring now to Figures 1 and 2, there is shown a golf club 10 which is made in accordance with the various
5 teachings of the inventions.

Particularly, the golf club 10 includes a shaft portion 12 which is adapted to be selectively held by a user or a golfer and a golf ball contacting portion 16 which is selectively attached to the handle portion 12
10 during the manufacturing process of the golf club 10. Such attachment may be made, as should be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art, by the use of a welding attachment 16 or by any other conventional attachment mechanism. Alternatively, the golf club 10 may be molded
15 into a "one piece" configuration in which the shaft portion 12 and the golf ball contacting portion 16 are formed in a single step within a mold or in a die by a casting process.

As should be apparent from the included drawings, the golf ball contacting portion 16 includes at least one
20 opening or aperture of a desired shape, size, and spatial geometry. In a first non-limiting embodiment of the invention, as shown best in Figures 1 and 2, the golf ball contacting portion 16 includes at least one and typically

several slotted openings 30, each having a respectively longitudinal axis of symmetry 40 and each of the longitudinal axes of symmetry 40 are longitudinally coextensive to each other and generally extend in the direction of the user of the golf club 10 (not shown). It should be appreciated that openings 30 may be of substantially any desired shape, size, or have any other desired spatial geometry that one may desire and that, in one non-limiting embodiment of the invention, the slotted openings 30 are substantially identical. However, in the most preferred embodiment of the invention, as is best shown in Figures 1 and 2, the longest slotted opening 30 resides nearest the end portion 13 of the golf ball contacting portion 16 and the shortest slotted opening 30 resides nearest the heel portion 11 of the golf club 10. The length of the remaining slotted openings 30 is respectively dependent upon their position within the golf club contacting portion 16 and, in this most preferred embodiment of the invention, the closest a slotted opening is to the heel portion 11, the shorter is its overall length. Further, in this one non-limited embodiment of the invention, each of the openings 30 has a substantially identical width 42 of about one-quarter of an inch to about one-half of an inch, although other dimensions may be used,

and each of the slotted openings 30 terminates slightly above the heel or ground contacting portion 47 of the golf ball contacting portion 16, but through the opposed edge portion 49. The portions 17 which respectively lie between
5 adjacent pairs of slotted openings 30 may have a desired finish or texture which is different from the texture or the finish of the remainder of the golf ball contacting portion 16. The portion 9 which lies below the slotted openings 30 may have a substantial identical texture and
10 finish as the portion 17.

To understand the significance of the at least one opening 30, reference is now made to Figures 3 and 4. As shown, the golf ball 70 resides within sand 72 and the golf ball 70 is to be selectively struck by the golf club 10
15 (i.e., by the golf ball contacting portion 16 of the golf club 10). Particularly, as the golf ball contacting portion 16 selectively traverses the sand 72, at least a portion of the sand 72 "passes through" the at least one slot or aperture 30, thereby reducing the overall drag experienced
20 by the golf club 10 and allowing a greater amount of energy to be actually imparted to the golf ball 70 and allowing for an accurate placement of the golf ball 70 upon the golf course. In the most preferred embodiment of the invention, the coextensive nature of the longitudinal axes

of symmetry 40 efficiently allows the sand 72 (and other material) to "pass through" the golf ball contacting surface 16 and the substantially identical widths 42 allows equal amounts of such sand 72 (or other material) to pass
5 through the ball contacting surface 16, thereby ensuring that an unbalance type force is not applied to the ball contacting surface 16 (e.g., such as that caused by a large drag on one portion of the golf ball contacting portion 16 where sand 72 does not readily pass and a relatively small
10 drag on a second portion of the ball contacting surface 16 where sand readily passes through). Further, as shown best in Figure 2, the "back side" or "non-golf ball contacting side" 7 of the surface 16 need not be finished or have a substantially identical texture as portion 17.

15 Alternatively, it should be understood that the "face" of the club 10 includes several bridge portions, each of which lie between portions 30 and the bottom portion 9. Thus, these bridge portions and the bottom portion 9 cooperatively and entirely define the club face.

20 As shown best in Figures 5 and 6, in an alternate embodiment of the invention, the openings 30 are only formed within and wholly terminate within the body the ball contacting portion or surface 16.

It is to be understood that the inventions are not limited to the exact construction and method which has been illustrated above, but that various changes and modifications may be made without departing from the spirit
5 and the scope of the inventions as are more fully delineated, in a non-limiting manner, within the claims.